the available amount of paper in circuladon it seems inadvisable at this time, especially, to increase the volume of that

## currency by the issue of gold certificates.'

Decisions in Three Cases Rendered by the Justices Yesterday.

SUPREME COURT, .

WASHINGTON, Dec. 14 .- In the Supreme Court of the United States to-day Justice Harlan delivered the opinion of the court in the case of the Covington & Lexington Turnpike Road Company vs. A. B. Sanford and others. The action grew out of the act of the Kentucky Legislature of 1890 pike company refused to observe. Sanford was decided by the Kentucky Court of Appeals in favor of the law. The decision rendered to-day reversed this decision on the ground that the law in question viothe property of the turnpike company with- | nominations not reported to-day were those out due process of law.

In the case of Charles W. Nordstrom vs. the State of Washington, the opinion of the State Supreme Court was affirmed. Nordstrom is under sentence to be hanged for murder and to-day's decision will have the effect of confirming the sentence. He made below reversed because the proceeding against him was based on the process of information rather than by indistrict the following nominations: To be United States consults—Walter B. Barker, of Mississippi, at Sagua la Grante, Cuba; Frank D. Fill, information rather than by indictment by of Minnesota, at Santos, Brazil; George E grand jury. The cases of Henry Craemer charged with murder, and of Adolph King, with defalcation, also from the State of Washington, were dismissed by the court.

Chief Justice Fuller announced the decision of the court in the case of the United States vs. the Oregon & California and Oregon Central Railroad Companies, involving title to valuable lands near Portland, Ore., reversing the decision of the Circuit Court of Appeals for the Ninth circuit and sustaining the action of the gov-The case was brought by the to enjoin the railroad companies from asserting title to certain lands included in the grant made to the Oregon Central Company in 1870, which afterwards sold out to the Oregon & California Company. The railroad company failed to comlete its line within the time specified and forfeited a portion of its grant. The complications arose out of the fact that twenty miles west of Portland the road, instead of proceeding in a direct westward direclying northwest of the turning company sold much of the land under its claim and they are held by claimants under The Interior Department claimed that the land had been forfeited and the proceedings which were terminated to-day proceeded apon this theory. The decision of the Circuit Court for the district of Oregon found in favor of the government's contention, but was reversed by the Circuit Court of Appears for the Ninth circuit. The chief justice's opinion in turn reverses the Circuit Court of Appeals and sustains the Circuit Court and the government contention. Chief Justice Fuller did not give the court's reason for the conciu-The court announced a recess for the holidays from next Monday until the first

#### WALCOTT ON BIMETALLISM. He Thinks Congress Will Agree to

Monday in January.

an International Conference. WASHINGTON, Dec. 14.-The committee of the Republican caucus to consider a bimetallic proposition held a meeting to-day und informally discussed the subject, coming to no definite conclusion. Senator Hoar, a member of the committee, gave the other members some points from his investigations of bimetallism abroad.

Senator Walcott, chairman of the committee, said this evening: "The Senate Republican caucus committee to report legislation in furtherance of an international bimetallic conference had a full meeting to-day, and the question was discussed at some length. The subject was chiefly considered with a view to securing the widest possible latitude to a commission, and so framing legislation that the incoming President would be at liberty to act immediately on his inauguration and without waiting for further legislative action. There were thousands of Republicans in the West who were in accord with so much of the Chicago platform as stood for the free coinage of silver, but who were unable to accept the other planks of the platform. There were also in the great siddle states hundreds of thousands of ublicans, earnest bimetallists, who voted the Republican ticket because they believed the financial plank in the St. Louis platform to be a sacred pledge committing the party to an earnest effort to secure international bimetallism. So far as I can observe the sentiment is practically unanmous among Republican senators in favor of an earnest and steadfast effort towards international agreement. So far as I can earn there is no opposition on the part of either Democrats or Populists to some such legislation as has been outlined, for I think it may be truthfully said that 99 per cent. of the people of this country are netallists, and even those who believe that this country alone can maintain the double standard have no sort of objection to the same result being accomplished by international agreement, if it shall be pos-

## NO SALARY GRABBERS.

Representative-Elect Landis nounces Talk of Raising Pay.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal. DELPHI, Ind., Dec. 14.-In response to an inquiry as to what truth there was in the ly Populist candidate for Vice President, report that a number of the members of tions on Jan. 8 to contest the title to the and extravagance. Their method is acthe next Congress had agreed to pass a bill providing for the increase of the congressmen's salary from \$5,000 to \$7,500 per annum, Charles B. Landis, congressmanelect from the Ninth district, said to your correspondent to-day:

"I think the report originated-with some newspaper correspondent who was short on interesting matter to write about. I have seen several men who have been elected to e next Congress and from none of them have I received a hint that any move would be made in the direction of increasing the salary of congressmen. I feel sure that there is not a Republican member-elect from Indiana who would countenance for a moment any such proposition. None of them are rich, but there is not one who cannot afford to go to Washington and attend to the duties devolving upon a member of Congress for \$5,000 a year. My opinton is that the next Congress will be found to be an economical Congress rather than an extravagant one. The great lesson taught in the last campaign was a lesson of retrenchment and reform, and if provision cannot be made to bring the revenue of the government up to the expenditure, then I believe Congress will bring the exditure down to the revenue and keep Incle Sam within his income. A report was widely circulated several weeks ago that the Indiana congressmen-elect had all met and agreed to submit the selection of postmasters to popular vote. There was bsolutely no truth in this report. Such a thing has never been considered by the congressmen-elect. Indeed, if any three of them have been together since the election have not been aware of the fact. And I think you will find that this salary-grab story has about as much basis as the post-

## GERMAN SUGAR INDUSTRY.

Grocers and Manufacturers Not Benefited by Legislation.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 14. - Unless relief can be had soon from the Reichstag, the entire sugar industry of Germany is likely to be organized for self-protection into a gigantic syndicate or trust, with the purpose of regulating production and controlling prices. This is the view of United States Consul Mason, at Frankfort, set out in an elaborate report to the State Department on the present state of the sugar industry in Germany. Only last May a law was enacted to help out the sugar growers and makers, as this is now the only renaining field of profit for the German The act was passed at the demand of the Agrarian party, but already the sugar-makers are appealing to the Reichstag "to rescue the sugar-producing interests from the consequences of the very act passed for its salvation," and which have esented themselves promptly and in a ost serious form. Mr. Mason tells how the act has failed, and instead of limiting action has had the very opposite effect. ncrease of the export bounty has also ed the price of sugar in foreign marets, and the German farmer receives no

and altogether the situation, so far as the RATHER HAVE SALOONS sugar interests are concerned, is as bad as it well could be.

#### SENATE'S SECRET SESSION. Favorable Reports on the Nomination

of Judicial Appointments.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 14.-The executive session of the Senate to-day was devoted nominations made by committees, a large share of those made coming from the committee on judiciary, which met to-day. Among those on which favorable reports were made was that of Hon. Charles Nott, to be chief justice of the Court of Claims; of Hon. John H. Rogers, to succeed the and others brought suit to compel ac-ceptance of the terms of the act. The case district of Kansas, and of S. M. Childers. as district attorney for New Mexico. Childers's nomination is among those which failed of confirmation last session because of the opposition of Delegate Catron, which lated the fourteenth amendment by taking has now been withdrawn. Among the

of Judge Howery, of Mississippi, to a place on the Court of Claims, bench, and George M. Moore, to succeed Henry D. Clayton, as district attorney for the district of Alabama. There is opposition to Moore on the part of friends of Clayton, who was removed during the last campaign because he accepted a congressional nomination as a silver Democrat. The Senate confirmed the following

#### Managua, Nicaragua. POSTOFFICE INNOVATION.

Kedzie, of Mexico, at Durango, Mexico; Samuel M. Simmons, of Texas, at Piedras Negras, Mexico; Paul Wiesike, of Texas, at

Another Improvement Introduced for

Benefit of Patrons. WASHINGTON, Dec. 14.-Postmaster General Wilson has issued an order extendlivery letter system so as to provide for the sale of postage and special delivery stamps through orders to letter carriers on slips contained in a unique official stamp selling envelope to be furnished by the postal improvement committee. The order provides for one of the most radical im-provements yet made in the postal system. It will be tried in Washington at once and if found practical extended generally. It affords the conduct of one's business with the postoffice at home, at least so far as ordinary transactions are concerned, and i tion, turns sharply to the south. Out of is expected to largely increase stamp sales this circumstance arose conflicting claims as soon as the system becomes general. between the railroad company and the The house-to-house collection of mail by government to the land in the quadrangle means of ingeniously contrived boxes has county, North Carolina, in 1808, and came lying northwest of the turning point. The already been adopted and extended to to Orange county, Indiana, nine years twenty-five free delivery cities.

Deficiencies in Appropriations. WASHINGTON, Dec. 14 .- The secretary of the treasury to-day sent to Congress estimates of the deficiencies in appropriations amounting to \$6,691,632, required to meet urgent demands of the government

service for the current and prior fiscal years. The deficiency in each department is given as follows: Legislative, \$600; Treasury, \$1,409,812; War, \$3,846,500; Navy, \$700,000; Justice, \$734,720. Some of the larger items are: War. fortifications, \$2,500,000 Navy, construction and repairs, \$500,000; Department of Justice, support of prisoners, United States courts, \$240,000; Treasury, Fish Commission, \$23,000; legislative, conveying votes of electors for the President and Vice President, \$600.

## The Model Soldiers' Home.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal. WASHINGTON, Dec. 14.-Representative the protracted investigation of the Soldiers' | member of the Grant County Medical So-Home at Leavenworth, said to-day that one thing that was developed during the inquiry was that the model soldiers' home of the United States was at Marion, Ind He was exceedingly complimentary in his remarks about the home, which, he said, embraced the best features of all the other homes in the United States. Mr. Blue had every opportunity for knowing the inside facts and gratuitous praise from that quarter is pleasant to Indianians.

New Sen Rules Accepted by All. WASHINGTON, Dec. 14.-Secretary Olney received a cablegram from the United States legation at Petropolis, Brazil, announcing that Brazil has accepted the rules for the prevention of collisions at framed at the maritime conference held at Washington. The chief maritime nations of the world have given their assent to the new international rules and they will go into effect on the 1st of July next year, a humane end that has been reached only after protracted negotiations.

Domestic Exports.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 14.-The monthly statement of the principal articles of domestic exports issued by the Bureau of Statistics shows that during the month of November the exports were as follows: Breadstuffs, \$19,146,050; cottons, \$39,504,589; mineral oils, \$4,807,147; provisions, \$10,429, 278; cattle and hogs, \$2,314,976. Total for the month, \$76,202,040.

General Notes. WASHINGTON, Dec. 14 .- To-day's treas-

ury statement: Available cash balance. \$225,882,331; gold reserve, \$133,191,544. The secretary of the treasury has sent to Congress a statement of receipts and expenditures of the government for the fiscal year ended June 30, 1896, including postal service. The total receipts as reported were \$409,475,408 and the expenditures \$434,678,654. The secretary of the treasury has transmitted to Congress an estimate of an additional appropriation of \$30,000 for the international exposition to be held in Brusseis

Hon. Thomas Watson, of Georgia, recentwill appear before the committee on elecseat now held by Judge Black in the House. To-day the committee on elections decided to hear the case on that day. The national president of the Woman's Relief Corps. Mrs. Agnes Hitt, of Indianapolis, is in the city, the guest of her hus band's parents, on Iowa Circle. Mrs. Hitt will deliver an address at the reception given to-morrow evening by the Department of the Potomac in her honor.

## CARELESS SANTA CLAUS.

Dropped a Lamp and Caused a Fire,

Entailing \$100,000 Loss. ALTOONA, Pa., Dec. 14.-Valuable property in the heart of the business section of this city was destroyed by fire to-night, entailing a loss of \$100,000. A boy playing Santa Claus in one of the windows of S. F. Morrow's dry goods store, at the corner of Eleventh avenue and Twelfth street, dropped a lamp and in trying to extinguish it set fire to some cotton about his neck. He pulled the cotton garment hastily off and threw it down on some decorations in the window. Instantly the window was ablaze and a few minutes later the fire was sweeping through the store, driving the clerks out. The flames extended to Odd Fellows' Hall, a three-story brick building in which the postoffice is located, and on the other side to the Simon building. three-story structure owned by Blumenthal Bros., of Lancaster. The walls of these buildings checked the further progress of the fire. There was a rumor that two girls were burned in Morrow's store, but it cannot be verified to-night.

A Lantern Started This Blaze. NEWARK, O., Dec. 14.-The overturning of a lantern this evening set fire to the Jones building and the structure is now in ruins. The losses, which aggregate about are divided as follows: Allison Bros., books, \$20,000; Koestring & Myers, dry goods, \$30,000; Odd Fellows, \$3,000; Brown & Roe, hair gods, \$1,000; postoflice, \$1,000; F. G. Warden \$1,000; J. C. Jones, \$2,000; O. C. Jones, on building, \$20,000. The

insurance amounts to about \$50,000. Burned to Death at 102.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 14.-Mrs. Alice be over 102 years old, was fatally burned today. She fell against the stove, and, not having strength to summon outside assistance, there being no one else in the house at the time, died a horrible death.

Pulpit Attractions Not So Great.

New York Evening Sun. The crusade against high hats in the theater has been extended to high hats in church. However, it is safe to say that the second one will not meet with the same masculine support as the first. Many a man has dozed behind protecting feathers contentedly who would have had no such contented feelings at a play.

Burglars Secure \$6,000. OWENSBORO, Ky., Dec. 14.-A band more than he did before the increase, while the government loses heavily. Then, too, burgiars has been operating successfully in this part of the State and also across the Chio in Indiana and Illinois. Their richest haul was at Sturgis, twenty miles away, where they obtained \$6,000. So far they benefits of the German increase

TOWNS IN NICHOLSON'S COUNTY GO BACK TO THE OLD CUSTOM.

almost entirely to the receipt of reports on | Lively Time with a Madman in Twelve-Mile Church-Death of Chas. W. Fisk, of Logansport.

> Special to the Indianapolis Journal. KOKOMO, Ind., Dec. 14.-The local option section of the Nicholson temperance law that has been effective heretofore in keeping saloons out of the smaller towns in this vicinity was not called into use at this term of the Commissioners' Court. Under the new law saloons were excluded from Greentown, Russiaville, Burlington and Galveston during the past year. As a result quart shops sprang up in the places of the banished saloons and, it is said, sold more liquor than did the licensed retail places. At the current sitting of Commissioners' Court not a single remonstrance was filed and all the applications were granted without protest. Russiaville, Greentown and Galvestion again have saloons. The temperance people say the quart shops are worse than retail saloons.

## INDIANA OBITUARY.

Charles W. Fisk, Ex-Democratic Chairman of Cass County.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal. LOGANSPORT, Ind., Dec. 14.-Charles W. Fisk, a prominent business man and formerly an active Democratic politician, died this morning of apoplexy, aged fifty-four. ing the house-to-house collection and de- Mr. Fisk for years was chairman of the ccunty Democratic central committee. He acquired manufacturing interests in 1890 Lowell, Mass., and became a believer in a protective tariff, which caused him to drop active work in behalf of Democracy. and in the last campaign he was outspoken for McKinley. He was a prominent Knight Templar and will be interred with the honors of the order.

Iram Stout.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal. PAOLI, Ind., Dec. 14.-Iram Stout, a pioneer of this county, was buried to-day, aged eighty-eight. He was born in Orange county, North Carolina, in 1808, and came later. He was the head of a large and influential family, there being six children, forty-six grandchildren and twenty-three great-grandchildren. His sons, John T. and Amos Stout, are well-known merchants and bankers in this city. John T. Stout was a delegate to the St. Louis con-Henry E. Johnson.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal. KOKOMO, Ind., Dec. 14.-Henry E. Johnson, postmaster at Kappa, this county, is dead, aged thirty-three. A week ago he came to this city to visit his mother, Mrs. S. E. Johnson, and while here was taken suddenly ill, a complication of diseases terminating in death Saturday evening.

Dr. L. Corey.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal. MARION, Ind., Dec. 14.-Dr. L. Corey, of Van Buren, one of the oldest as well as one of the best-known physicians in this county, died last night. He had been a resident of Blue, of Kansas, who has had charge of the county since 1839 and was a prominent

# MADMAN IN CHURCH. .

Jerry Connell Overpowered After Terrorizing the Congregation. Special to the Indianapolis Journal. LOGANSPORT, Ind., Dec. 14.-Jerry

Cornell, a farmer twelve miles northeast of this city, suddenly became insane while attending church at Twelve Mile Sunday and terrorized the congregation. He and exhorting and finally started for the pulpit. The minister hastily vacated and the madman proceeded to preach to the few people who had not had a chance to escape. A number of farmers with hitching straps and lines taken from harness subdued Cornell after a desperate fight on the floor and tightly bound him. He was brought to this city at 1 o'clock this morning and taken to Longeliff Hospital for treatment. Cornell has been an inmate of the hospital before. He is afflicted with religious mania, and when off his balance is very dangerous. On a former occasion he kept five men at bay for over an hour before he was finally overpowered.

Things Moving in Anderson.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal. ANDERSON, Ind., Dec. 14.-The American Wire Nail Company to-day added the last of its tanks in the galvanizing department, and now every department of the immense concern is in operation. The men say they are the busiest now they have been in the past three years. The Anderson window glass works resumed full capacity last night and now every plant in Anderson with the exception of the two bolt concerns are running at full capacity. The Big Four local business in the freight line at this point is reaching the high point it attained during prosperous times, and the switching crews in the yards have been doubled in the past month. Christmas in Anderson will not be as elaborately celebrated as heretofore, owing to the workmen having been out all summer and are now loaded down with debt. This they are liquidating and are not inclined as yet to let go their money on presents

#### Start on Their Own Hook. Special to the Indianapolis Journal.

NEW CASTLE, Ind., Dec. 14.-Walter Brown, Fred Campbell and Fay Colburn, three boys, aged about seventeen, slipped out of their homes here at 3 o'clock this morning and boarded a Panhandle train for Cincinnati and the South. No effort will be made to bring them back, the parents do them good. They had nearly \$100 in their possession.

Missing Man Found Hanging.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal. DECATUR, Ind., Dec. 14.-Last Wednesday W. H. Warrick mysteriously disappeared from his home at Rockford, O. He was a prominent business man of that place and his departure caused a sensa-His wife offered a reward of \$500 for his return. This morning his body was found hanging to a tree in the woods near this city. He had taken the band from a shock of corn to hang himself. It is supposed he was temporarily deranged.

Suicide of a Medical Student. NEW YORK, Dec. 14.-Charles Winlander, twenty-three years old, a medical stu-

dent, shot and killed himself to-day. He was poor and did not see his way clear to continue his studies and care for his wife and his mother-in-law, who lived with him. Nine months ago he was married to Miss Lilla Patterson, at Lawrenceburg, Ind. while he was a student in the Rush Medical College, Chicago.

#### A Boy Murderer. Associated Press Dispatch.

FORT WAYNE, Ind., Dec. 14.-Frederick Kruchenberger, aged thirteen, and George Sturm, aged fifteen, sons of well-to-do farmers in this county, late this evening quarreled. Kruchenberger stabbed Sturm in the neck with a penknife, severing the jugular vein. The young murderer was arrested.

Indiana Notes. Hon, S. P. Sheerin and S. T. McConnell

have been selected to represent Logans-Thomas, a colored woman, who is known to port and its commercial club in the In dianapolis convention of Jan. 12. At Columbus Samuel Beckstadt has sued Tunis Nading for \$400 damages for attempted bribery. It is another suit growing out of the many election cases of last Novem-

> On Jan. 1 the chief office of the Irondale Iron and Steel Company, of Middletown, Ind., will be removed to Richmond, and G. A. Laughlin, who has charge of the office, will go with it. Richmond capital is

The Delaware District Medical Society will 'meet in Anderson to-day for a two days' session. Among those on the programme will be Dr. G. W. Chittenden, of this city; Arthur R. Edwards and John B. Murphy. of Chicago; J. O. Stillson, of Indianapolis, and Victor C. Vaughn, of the University of Michigan. To-night a reception and ball will be tendered by the Anderson Club.

Ernest Chase's Double Crime.

wife's and his own throat badly this mornsuicide. Physicians think that both have And that is what has happened to Maceo. a good chance at recovery. Chase had a good chance at recovery. Chase had been dissipating badly.

#### FORECAST FOR TO-DAY. Rain, Followed by Cloudy and Partly Cloudy Weather.

Forecast for Indianapolis and vicinity for the twenty-four hours ending at 11 p. m., Dec. 15-Rain in early morning, cloudy and partly cloudy weather during Tuesday. General Conditions Yesterday-The low barometric area having moved southwestward, with its center over the eastern gulf, extends from the gulf northward to the lower lakes. The temperature fell nearly everywhere, and rain fell from the eastern gulf northward to Indiana and the upper Ohio valley. Heavy rain, 1.04 inches, fell at Nashville, Tenn. Fair weather, with higher atmospheric pressure, prevails west of the Mississippi.

FORECAST FOR THREE STATES. WASHINGTON, Dec. 14.-For Ohio-Threatening weather, with light showers; brisk to northwest winds; cooler in south-For Indiana and Illinois-Partly cloudy weather, preceded by light showers in

Monday's Local Observations. Bar. Ther. R.H. Wind. Weather. Pre. 78 N'east. Cloudy 0.00 38 88 N'east. Lt.Rain. 0.38 p. m..29.92 Maximum temperature, 40; minimum tem-

southern portion; north winds.

Following is a comparative statement the temperature and precipitation Dec. 14: Total departure since Dec. 1..... \*54 -0.69Total departure since Jan. 1..... \*581 -1.92C. F. R. WAPPENHANS,

Local Forecast Official.

Yesterday's Temperatures. Station. 7 a. m. Max. 7 p. Atlanta, Ga..... 54 Bismarck, N. D..... 20 Concordia, Kan..... 3 Davenport, Ia..... 3 Des Moines, Ia..... 34 Dodge City, Kan..... 42 Galveston, Tex..... 62 Jacksonville, Fla..... 64 Kansas City, Mo..... 36 Little Rock, Ark..... Minnedosa, Man..... 22 Marquette, Mich..... 26 Memphis. Tenn..... 56 Moorhead, Minn..... 32 Nashville, Tenn..... New Orleans, La..... 62 New York, N. Y..... North Platte, Neb...... 34 Oklahoma, O. T..... 32 Omaha, Neb..... Pittsburg, Pa..... Qu' Appelle, N. W. T.... 20 Rapid City, S. D....... 38 Salt Lake City, Utah..... St. Louis. Mo..... St. Paul. Minn ..... 3 Springfield, Ill..... Springfield, Mo..... 34 Vicksburg, Miss..... 64 Washington, D. C...... 42

#### OVERDUE STEAMERS Probably Delayed by the Recent

Storm on the Atlantic. BOSTON, Dec. 14.—Quite a fleet of Eu

ropean steamers are now due at this port, and from the length of time some of them have been out it is surmised they must be experiencing the same fearful weather encountered by the steamers lately arriving at New York. The following are the names of the vessels now due here: Steamers Lorenzo, from Hull, England, Nov. Kirkstall, from Hamburg, Nov. 24; St. Ronas, from London, Nov. 29; Norseman, Liverpool, Dec. 2; Belgian King, from Antwerp, Nov. 29; Catalonia, from Liverpool, Dec. 4. There is no apprehension felt for the safety of these steamers, marched up and down the aisles, praying | the heavy weather easily accounting for their long passages.

Sunk While Conling.

LONDON, Dec. 14. - The Orient line steamer Oralava, while coaling at the company's dock at Tilbury, suddenly listed to starboard, filled through the open portholes | will land in Cuba about 150 miles south of and sank. It is believed that there were five men in the ballast tank at the time and that they were drowned.

Supposed to Have Foundered. PARIS, Dec. 15. - The French steamer Coventry, which left Bayonne on Dec. 4 for Cardiff, has not been seen since, and it is supposed that she has foundered, with twenty hands on board.

Seven Schooners Wrecked. ST. JOHNS, Newfoundland, Dec. 14.-The mail steamer from the north reports that seven schooners were wrecked in last Wednesday's gale.

Movements of Steamers. GIBRALTAR, Dec. 14.—Arrived: Nor mannia, from New York, for Genoa; Columbia, from Genoa, for New York.

## CONSULATE GUARDED.

(Concluded from First Page.)

nclude some of the most prominent society eople, clergymen and philanthropists in

PROTECTION DEMANDED.

Fruit Importers Want Olney to Act in the Lourada Case.

BALTIMORE, Dec. 14.-J. H. Seward & Co., fruit importers and charter parties of the steamship Laurada, now at Palermo, have sent a lengthy communication to Secretary Olney in which they ask that the vessel be duly protected at Valencia, Spain. She is under charter to take on the remainder of her cargo at the last named place and the captain, having been advised wisely concluding that the experience may by cable that trouble might ensue, declined to proceed to the Spanish port. The letter to the secretary of state says that an effort has been made by the firm to get the owners of the ship to have the cargo shipped from Sicily instead of a Spanish port. "Sunday," says the docu-"we received a cable as follows: United States government advising captain of Laurada not to enter port. Won't allowed to load.' citizens and merchants ing a charter of a vessel duly registered and carrying the American flag we feel it official capacity to protect our property un-der such flag, as well as uphold the Na-

> MACEO KILLED IN BATTLE. Statement Which General Weyler Is

Said to Have Made. NEW YORK, Dec. 14.-The New York World correspondent at Havana sends tonight the following signed statement from General Weyler on Maceo's death. The paper will print the original Spanish, of which the following is a translation: "Maceo died as a result of the feeble

state in which were the insurgent bands at tacks and the constant persecution of the battalion of San Quintin they were losing ground. To reorganize those he put himself at their head and for this he died, with part of the staff accompanying him. In the same manner have died many generals in all the wars over the world. "Maceo was not killed in an ambush.

the Spanish column which fought against his forces had to maintain itself against the fire of the insurgents, and the insurgents were strong enough in numbers to retake the bodies of Maceo and the son of from the field. "Maceo was surrounded with his own, who embarked with him and passed the trocha, it is affirmed by his own physician, Dr. Zertucha. It is not true that Maceo

was coming for any conference with me. can prove it with two reasons. The first s that if I was in the province of Pinar del Rio how could I summon him to the province of Havana? The second is that knowing myself the situation in which his situation was so desperate that he asked help from the rebel forces in the other parts of the island, I would not be so muoent as to agree to a conference with him a place where he would be out of the trocha. Once in Havana, he would have resolved the problem of breaking the circle in which I had him and his forces in Pinar

Any other chief in similar circumstances, ing in an insane attempt at murder and | if his men disbanded, would be sure to die.

> Watching the Florida Coast. CINCINNATI, Dec. 14.-A special to the Commercial Tribune from Key West, Fla., says: "It is reported by spongers coming in that there are unusually large numbers of Spanish war vessels lying off the Florida coast, that they go out to sea during the day, but at night come close to land, throwing their searchlights in all directions. They have been sighted several times by people on shore,

## CYCLE RACES PAY.

Madison-Square Garden Receipts Were \$37,000-Hale to Get \$5,000. NEW YORK, Dec. 14.-It is said that the net receipts of the six days' "bike" race in Madison-square Garden were \$37,000. Edward Hale, the winner, will probably make \$5,000 by his week's work. The first prize was \$1,300. Then he was paid for riding a certain wheel, the tires, saddle, etc. J. S. Rice, of Wilkesbarre, who finished second, is in better shape than any of the other riders. He is anxious to arrange another race with Hale, and is said to have \$10,000 backing. He is willing to wager \$5,000 that he can ride 2,000 miles in 142 hours.

Chicago Billiard Scores. CHICAGO, Dec. 14.-Tom Gallagher (400) defeated William Harrison (280) in the afternoon game of the Bensinger-Siler billiard tournament by 400 to 181. Averages: Gallagher, 14 22-27; Harrison, 6 19-27. In the night game John Matthews (300) beat L. Perkins (260) by 300 to 253. Averages: Matthews, 7 13-41; Perkins, 6 13-40.

## NO SHOW FOR JINGOES.

(Concluded from First Page.) young men who have pledged themselves to go, among them fourteen members of the state militia. Drs. I, E. Wright and Castello have opened an office on behalf of the Cuban Junto at No. 1111/2 East Washington street and are enrolling recruits. Dr. Wright claims he has been appointed a surgeon in the Cuban army with the rank of colonel and pay of \$360 a month. He has obtained about seventy recruits, he says, and hopes to leave the latter part of next week with a party of 200 men. "Every man who has promised to go," said Dr. Wright, "knows just what hardships he will have to endure and they are all prepared. The Junto advances the money to send the men to Cuba and equip them with arms. The pay for infantrymen and cavalrymen is \$22 poration loses its land and citizens owning a month and that for artillerymen is \$27 79 per cent. of its stock are punished, not a month. Each man will be credited with for anything done by them, but merely bethree months' pay in advance, out of which | cause, without their fault, 21 per cent. of his expenses to Cuba will be taken. Our I the stock fell into the hands of aliens, it party will leave here next week, going as | may be, to pay an honest debt. individuals to Key West, where we will be taken across to Cuba. The insurgent army knows that there will be heavy reinforcements from this country within the next three weeks, and the men who are now fighting for the independence of the island are more deetrmined than ever. There seems to be a peculiar hesitancy on the part of Dr. Wright in giving out information concerning the proposed addition of volunteers to the Cuban army. When seen last night by a Journal reporter he was at first not inclined to say much about the matter and gave the impression that he feared that something derogatory might be said about it. He finally said that he had been appointed surgeon with the rank of colonel and was to receive \$360 a month for his services. "I have been writing to Dr. Castello, who is surgeon at the Junto in New York, for the last two weeks," said he, "and I got my commission last Friday. I get \$350 a month, but it's my patriotism that has led me into the Cuban affair, for the \$360 don't count, as haven't seen a month in the last twelve years that I coludn't make \$360." When asked if he had his commission with him, he replied: "No; but I will show it to you to-morrow. It has a blue and white seal and is the highest rank that could be bestowed upon me. "How many volunteers have given you their names? "About sixty-eight, I believe. Twentyfive more I would not accept, for they were not made out of the right kind of stuff. am surprised to find how many people want to fight for Cuba. I did not intend to take anybody with me when I first applied for my commission, but since the paper published an account of my preparations for going to Cuba to-day my office has been overrun with volunteers. We will start

about Thursday or Friday night of next week and go directly to Key West, Fla., as individuals. A vessel, that has already been chartered, will take us to Cuba. As soon as we get a few miles out of Florida on the vessel we will be in neutral waters and the volunteers will be sworn in. We

Havana. "Would you go even if you received no compensation 3 "Certainly I would. I was a soldier in the One-hundred-and-sixteenth Indiana Regiment, and I just want to give those Spaniards down there a little twist or two.'

"Were you ever in Cuba?" "Yes; about two years ago." "How are you going to keep the volunteers from deserting, if any are so disposed when they reach Florida? "Oh, that's my business to do that. I'l watch them and see that none of them get away. Thirty-five passed through here from Chicago early yesterday morning on their way to Cuba, but Indianapolis will have a much larger representation. When the volunteers began coming to me to-day I didn't know whether to take them or not so I telegraphed to Mr. Castello and he replied to take all I can get, so I am doing it." Dr. Wright is a man long past the prime

of life, and says he is fifty-six years old. He said that his war record had been thoroughly looked into, both here and at Washington. He expressed himself as having no fear but that he would easily withstand the climate of Cuba. Governor Matthews has been very decided in his opinion that the United States ought to interfere in Cuban affairs ever since he spoke on the subject in Philadelphia last year. Only recently he reiterated his views in a published interview. The mail of the Governor within the last week has conrom veterans of the late war, offering their services in case there should be trouble with Spain. He declared yesterday that if a call for recruits should ever become necessary he believed 75 per cent. of the Grand Army men would respond. The Governor also

#### portunity to do something for Cuba. ALIENS AND THE LAND. The Land Laws of Kansas and the Similar Laws of Missouri.

expressed the belief that every militia com-

pany in the State was longing for an op-

Topeka Letter in New York Sun. The recent attempt on the part of speculators to hammer down the stocks of the Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fe Railway Company has directed the attention of the people of Kansas to the importance of a change in the alien land law, which was enacted not to apply to railroads, a part As Ameri- of whose stock may be held by nonresthold- dents, but to foreigners who own large tracts of land and have practically inaugurated the English system of tenantry out duty and our right to ask you, in your | in this State. It is probable that a saving clause which will apply to railroads wil be added to the present alien land law if it shall be decided that the statute was enacted constitutionally by the Legislature of 1891, which the Atchison Railroad attorneys deny. When the bill was before the Legislature for discussion some reformer moved to tack on the railroad clause, and, to leave no ground for the charge that it was intended to protect the railroads, the amendment was adopted, for the lawyers of the Legislature foresaw that the courts, should they ever be called upon, would eliminate it from the act as uncon-Legislation against the ownership of

arge areas in this country by aliens dates back to 1877, when Congress enacted an alien land law, applicable in the District Havana. Doubtless, before the sudden at- of Columbia and the Territories. The Kansas law, with ten sections and elaborate provisions, was put on the statute book in 1891. This was the year when the Farmers' Alliance was in the saddle and put down John J. Ingalls. In 1825 the Missouri Legislature passed a law on the subject for that State. The Kansas act provides that the real estate of alien landlords shall be sold and the proceeds, less costs assertion can be proved by the fact that and expenses, paid over to the alien or to the corporation more than 20 per cent of whose stock may be owned by aliens. Alien land laws, like any other laws, do not override treaties of the United States. but there are few treaties as to alien own-Maximo Gomez, which were carried away ership of lands. If an Englishman, not having taken steps to be naturalized, with \$20,000 in his pocket, should be robbed in Kansas City the act would be criminal. The State would return this money to the loser and send the thief to the penitentiary If, however, that Englishman should the next day after getting back his money purchase with it a lot and house in the city for a home or for business it would be the duty of the prosecuting attorney to take steps to forfelt the property at once to the State. Under the Missouri statute the same prosecuting attorney might on the same day convict a citizen of the State for robbing the Englishman of \$20,000 in money and have him sentenced to the penitentiary and also have the land paid for with that particular money forfeited to the State In the one case the citizen of Missouri would be convicted for robbing the alten of his money contrary to law. In the other case the Englishman would be robbed of DETROIT, Dec. 14.—Ernest Chase, son of Dr. Chase. of recipe-book fame, cut his Havana with the hope of making it fight.

In the case of a Missouri corporation, if

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21 per cent. of its stock should fall into the hands of aliens without the knowledge or against the objection of citizen holders of the other 79 per cent, of the stock, all the land of the corporation thereafter acquired becomes at once forfeited to the State, and the prosecuting attorney must at once en-force the forfeiture. In this case the corporation loses its land and citizens owning

theory that an alien was a public enemy. The recent alien laws of this country go further in the case of corporations and treat innocent citizens engaged in legitimate business as criminals. The consequences of enforcing the Kansas law, it is said, strike some of those who secured its enactment by working out results which they did not contemplate. The operation of recent Missouri alien laws is likely, if not certain, to prevent foreigners from investing in the State.

#### INTO A POISONOUS PIT. The Plight of a Miner Who Was Badly

Stung by Devil's Club. Portland (Ore.) Letter in San Francisco

It is probable that never in the history of medical science in the United States has there been a patient travel so far and with such a strange affliction to reach proper surgical treatment as has John Trevilan, a Cornish miner and prospector of Bernes Bay, Alaska, who arrived in Portland from the sound on to-night's train. Trevilan is suffering from erysipelas and blood poisoning, caused by having his face and hands filled with the barbed and venomous thorns of that dread of the Alaska prospector, the creeping "devil's club," or devil's walking stick, botanically known as Panax horridus. The face of the man presents a fearful appearance. The flesh has been swollen and drawn into deep corrugations, the right eye being closed entirely, while from the left eye a bare glimmer of sight is left through a slit between the puffed, inflamed lids. It is a story of fearful suffering. He said:

"I have carried this face and these hands about with me since the evening of Sept. 2 last. What that statement means is only to be realized by those who have lived in Alaska and been unlucky enough to encounter devil's club, and have even but one of the poisonous thorns of the creeper enter the flesh. Such people will be able to sympathize with me in my months of wretched misery, when I say that twentyeight of the barbs were cut out by my partners after I had made my way into camp following my stumble into the

"The doctors in the north extracted some fifteen more, yet I am here to have my face laid open and those of the thorns that are working inward removed. There is dull pain in the lower inner corner of my right eye, which the physicians in Alaska fear is a barb pressing against the eyeball, and they advised me to come south, where I could have the benefit of full hospital at-tendance during the operation, which they member of the Western North Carolina have been unable to secure in Alaska as

Sept. 2 I worked later than usual, having struck a seam of rich quartz I hoped to follow out before daylight faded. came at about 8 p. m. Tired and hungry decided to make a short cut around the mountain, taking an old trail before noticed. Reaching the of the trail I started ward through the timber. I had gone but a few yards when, pushing my way into a dense growth of ferns, I plunged head foremost into what later proved to be an old whipsaw pit of Johnson's, Ten years of abandonment had allowed the pit to fill with a dense growth of 'devil's club.' Slash, slash came the stinging thorns against my face, hands, and neck as in my efforts to regain an upright position I brought my weight to bear on the entanglement of treacherous creepers. "Then when I had found the ladder leading out of the pit, the lower rung broke through rottenness, and again I was tossed back into the stinging mass of poison that can only be likened to a rattlesnake's den. Regaining the edge of the whipsaw pit

#### and with my thorough knowledge of the trail, despite its course through the canyon, I was enabled to reach the cabin.

retraced my way down the Johnson trail.

Already my eyes were closing, the agoniz-

ing pain I was enduring being impossibl

to describe. Reaching the well-worn trail

we had used for two seasons, it had become

impossible for me to see from the right

eye. The left eye was still open, however,

TELEGRAPHIC BREVITIES. The Carlisle Indians and the University of Wisconsin football teams will play at the Chicago Coliseum next Saturday night. Hon. Hugh J. Jewett, who has been se riously ill with pneumonia at Glenville, his country home, near Havre de Grace, Md., was removed to New York Sunday. At Mount Pleasant, Miss., near the Ten-

nessee line. Charles Mitchell, a negro fugitive wanted for murder, shot and killed P. L. Thompson, a deputy sheriff, who tried to arrest him. The Assabet woolen mills at Waynard, Mass, one of the largest plants in the country, started operations on reduced time yesterday and will run on the fortyfive-hour basis, a reduction of ten hours,

until further notice. The trial of Albert J. Frantz for the murder of Bessie Little, his sweeetheart, whose badly decomposed body was found in the Stillwater river, a branch of the Miami, in Dayton, O., on Sep. 2 last, was begun at Dayton Wednesday.

The body of Miss Mary L. Collins, one

of the victims of Friday night's asphyxia-

tion at Boston, was shipped to the home

of her parents in Kentucky for burial yesterday. The body of Samuel P. Putnam, the other victim, will be cremated. John Lemmons, sentenced to be hanged at Chattanooga Wednesday for murder, has been granted a respite until Dec. 21 by the Governor of Tennessee. An application for commutation of the sentence to life imprisonment is under consideration. Junius S. Morgan, of New York, has presented to Princeton University a collection of early editions of Virgil. The books are said to be worth \$50,000. The gift comprise 312 volumes, twenty-one of which are fifteenth-century editions, including the first rare edition of Seveynheim & Pannartz, Rome, 1496, of which only six copies exist

John B. Parsons, general manager of the West Side Street-railway, of Chicago, was vesterday unanimously chosen vice president and general manager of the Union Traction system, of Philadelphia, to succeed J. R. Beetem, resigned, Mr. Parsons began his street-rallway career as a conductor in Philadelphia twenty-five years ago. He went to Chicago in 1837, and has been located there ever since.

Another Statement from Bradley. FRANKFORT, Ky., Dec. 14.—Governor Bradley gave out a signed statement today on the subject of the power of an extra session to fill a vacancy in the office of sen-ator, and also as to the right of the Governor to appoint. On the latter point he says: "The right of the Governor to supply by appointment a vacancy occasioned by



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tained by such eminent statesmen as Harrison, Hoar, Cameron, Allison, Dawes, Edmunds, McDonald, Morrill, Spooner, Evarts and Sherman. This right was recognized up to August, 1893, when Mantel and others were denied seats. The Senate then reversed its former ruling, over the protest, however, of such eminent men many others) as Frye, Hawley, Morgan, Pugh, Sherman, Teller and Hill. It is true the Senate is sole judge of the qualifications of its members. But as to whether the last ruling, or that which prevailed for nearly one hundred years preceding, will be adhered to in future is a question of grave doubt.'

Obituary. NEW YORK, Dec. 14.-George Catlin, a former United States consul at Zurich, died in St. Luke's Hospital to-day from the effects of an operation. He returned from Europe a short time ago with his daughter, who was the wife of Frank De Wolfe. De Wolfe and his wife had separated. The former about two weeks ago committed suicide by taking poison. De Wolfe's proper name was Smith. He came from

TROY, N. Y., Dec. 14.-H. Clay Bascom, of this city, is dead at Jacksonville, Fla.

Mr. Bascom was the recognized leader of

the Prohibition party in this State and had been its candidate for Governor. He was also prominently mentioned for the presidential nomination at the last national convention of his party. WINSTON, N. C., Dec. 14.—Rev. William Warren Albea died here last night at the

Methodist Episcopal Conference. He was also the oldest Mason and Odd Fellow in PARIS. Dec. 14.-The Baroness Leoning daughter of Baron Gustave de Rothschild

died to-day as a result of a fall from her horse while hunting. PARIS, Dec. 15.—Baron James de Hirsch and Emile Chatrousse, the scupltor, are

Four-Cent Street-Car Fares.

CHICAGO, Dec. 14.-The City Council tonight adopted an ordinance compelling the street-car companies to accept four cents

for a ride. It is likely that the matter will be taken into the courts. Lacks Uprightness. Chicago Record.

blush to look at an upright plano. Reasonably Certain. Roxbury Gazette. Gabway-I've seen your face before,

"Do you consider Smitherton a dishones!

"Well, I should think it would make him

Gaby-Most likely; I've had it before. Hardly.

New York Tribune. The Hostess-I suppose there is no use n asking you to stay to dinner? The Caller-Not in that way.



can't be very amiable or very lovely. She must say good-by to the pleasures of life and to cupid's darts. Sickness makes a women thin and sallow and lifeless. Her hair lacks lustre, her eyes are dull, her lips color-Generally she

is troubled with pimples, blotches and eruptive skin diseases. These conditions generally arise from one of two causes, or from a combination of both. Either the digestion is out of order and the blood impure, or there is weakness or disease of the organs distinctively feminine. Ninety-nine per cent. of all the sickness of women comes from these two causes, and so ninety-nine per cent. of all woman's sickness may be cured by the medicines that will cure these eauses. Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription is for weakness and disease of the organs distinctly feminine-and Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery is the best and most widely known remedy for all disorders of the blood, nerves or digestion. Sometimes one is needed; sometimes the other. It is safer to take both, and any woman who will do so may be assured of the return of perfect health. Both are inventions of Doctor R. V. Pierce, who is now, and has been for thirty years, chief consulting physician of the Invalida' Hotel and Surgical Institute, at Buffalo, N. Y. The "Favorite Prescription," by sheer force of merit, has reached a sale greater than that of all other prepara-tions of its kind. If you would like to know all about both of these great medicines, send twenty-one cents in one-cent stamps, to pay the cost of mailing only, and receive free a copy, paper-bound, of Dr. Pierce's 1,008-page, "Common Sense Medical Adviser." It is a complete medical library in one volume, and should be in every household. If you want it handsomely bound in French cloth, send to cents extra (thirty-one cents in all). World's Dis-bensary Medical Association, Buffalo, N. Y.